



15. The difference between the duration of day and night is hardly felt at Kanyakumari but not so at Kashmir. Why ?  
 (A) Because Kashmir is a cold place.  
 (B) Because Kashmir comes under the shadow of the Himalayan Mountains.  
 (C) Because sunlight is reflected off the sea water around Kanyakumari.  
 (D) Because Kanyakumari is nearer to the Equator than Kashmir.
16. The southernmost point of Indian main land is known as  
 (A) Kanyakumari (B) Indira Point (C) Pondicherry (D) Cochin
17. The most recently formed state of India is  
 (A) Jharkhand (B) Telangana (C) Chattisgarh (D) Uttaranchal
18. Drass is the  
 (A) Wettest place in India (B) driest place in India  
 (C) hottest place in India (D) coldest place in India
19. The eastern most state of India is  
 (A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Manipur (C) Mizoram (D) Nagaland
20. Smallest state in India is  
 (A) Goa (B) Kerala (C) Mizoram (D) Sikkim
21. In which year 'Indira Point' submerged under the sea water  
 (A) 2000 (B) 2002 (C) 1998 (D) 2004
22. India's total area accounts per cent of the geographical area of the world.  
 (A) 5.0 (B) 4.0 (C) 3.28 (D) 2.4
23. Which state of India does not have common boundaries is ary with Myanmar ?  
 (A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Tripura (C) Nagaland (D) Manipur
24. Which of the following countries is not in Indian sub-continent ?  
 (A) Maldives (B) Pakistan (C) Bangladesh (D) Nepal
25. Areawise what is the position of India in the world  
 (A) Third (B) Fourth (C) Sixth (D) Seventh
26. Tropic of Cancer passes through which of these states  
 (A) Orissa (B) Tripura (C) Bihar (D) Punjab
27. Which one of the following is the Southern-most Latitude of India?  
 (A) 8° 4' North (B) 8° 4' South (C) 6° 4' South (D) 6° 4' North
28. The latitudinal extent of mainland of India lies between the  
 (A) 7° 5' N and 26° 5' N (B) 8° 4' N and 37° 6' N (C) 12° 5' N and 27° 5' N (D) 12° 5' N and 37° 6' N
29. The Tropic of Cancer does not pass through  
 (A) Rajasthan (B) Tripura (C) Jharkhand (D) Bihar
30. Which meridian is fixed as a Standard Meridian of India?  
 (A) 82° 30' E (B) 84° 30' E (C) 86° E (D) 81° E
31. The easternmost longitude of India is :  
 (A) 97° 25' E (B) 77° 6' E (C) 68° 7' E (D) 82° 32' E
32. The number of states in India, which have coastal line is  
 (A) 5 (B) 7 (C) 9 (D) 11
33. Daman and Diu is a  
 (A) union territory of India (B) state of India  
 (C) district of India (D) city of India
34. Western most point in India is  
 (A) Rajasthan (B) Gir range (C) Ghuar Shikar (D) Lakhpal

35. Which country among the India's neighbours is the smallest?  
 (A) Nepal (B) Bhutan (C) Sri Lanka (D) Bangladesh
36. How many states and Union Territories does India have?  
 (A) India has 26 States and 7 Union Territories (B) India has 25 States and 7 Union Territories  
 (C) India has 29 States and 7 Union Territories (D) India has 28 States and 6 Union Territories
37. The imaginary longitude that divides India into two  
 (A) Tropic of Capricorn (B) Prime Meridian (C) Equator (D) Indian Standard Meridian
38. Which one of the following routes are the oldest and provided India relationships with other countries?  
 (A) Land routes (B) Sea routes (C) Air routes (D) Rail routes
39. India has land boundary of about  
 (A) 18,200 km (B) 7516.6 km (C) 15,200 km (D) 2458 km
40. The Princely states and Provinces were two types of  
 (A) districts in India (B) Administrative divisions in India. (During the British Period)  
 (C) cities in India (D) towns in India
41. Which neighbouring country would you reach if you were to sail across the Palk Strait?  
 (A) Myanmar (B) Maldives (C) Bangladesh (D) Sri Lanka
42. The neighbouring countries that share their boundaries with India are :  
 (A) Pakistan and Afghanistan (B) Myanmar and Bangladesh  
 (C) China and Nepal (D) All the above
43. Which one of the following Indian states does not share its boundary with Pakistan?  
 (A) Jammu and Kashmir (B) Rajasthan (C) Gujarat (D) Haryana
44. A narrow channel of sea separating two land-masses is called  
 (A) Gulf (B) Strait (C) Isthmus (D) Bay
45. The western-most Union Territory of India is  
 (A) Lakshwadeep (B) Daman and Diu (C) Puducherry (D) Dadar and Nagar Haveli
46. Which of the following states does not share any international boundary?  
 (A) Rajasthan (B) West Bengal (C) Uttarakhand (D) Madhya Pradesh
47. The four states which are situated along the Himalayas are :  
 (A) Jammu and Kashmir. Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Arunachal Pradesh  
 (B) Gujarat, Maharashtra, Haryana, Rajasthan  
 (C) Gujarat, Chhattisgarh, Bihar. Jharkhand  
 (D) Bihar, West Bengal, Orissa, Uttar Pradesh
48. What is the length of Indian coastline?  
 (A) 8716 km (B) 7165 km (C) 9515 km (D) 7516 km
49. Which of these countries do not share land borders with India?  
 (A) Russia (B) Bhutan (C) Myanmar (D) Pakistan
50. Which one of the following wafer bodies separate Sri Lanka from India?  
 (A) Palk Strait and Gulf of Khambhat (B) Palk Strait and Gulf of Mannar  
 (C) Gulf of Mannar and 10° Channel (D) 10° Channel and Gulf of Kharnbhat

#### KEY

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B	D	D	D	D	A	B	C	B	B	B	A	D	A	D	A	B	D	A	A
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
D	D	B	A	D	B	C	B	D	A	A	C	A	C	B	C	D	A	C	B
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50										
D	D	D	B	B	D	A	D	A	B										