

1. Another name of shifting agriculture in north-eastern states like Assam is  
(A) Jhumming cultivation (B) Commercial farming  
(C) Plantation agriculture (D) Pisciculture
2. In which of the following states of India is intensive subsistence farming largely practiced ?  
(A) Rajasthan (B) Gujarat (C) West Bengal (D) Punjab
3. A single crop, grown on a large area and using intensive capital inputs are some of the major features of \_\_\_\_\_ type of agriculture  
(A) intensive subsistence farming (B) Commercial  
(C) primitive subsistence farming (D) plantation
4. The basic conditions for the growth of rice crops is  
(A) Temperature-25°C, Rainfall-100 cm-200 cm (B) Temperature-20°-25°C, Rainfall-50 cm-75 cm  
(C) Temperature-21°-27°C, Rainfall-50 cm-75 cm (D) Temperature-20°-25°C, Rainfall-50 cm-75 cm
5. Which of the following states is a major producer of maize in India?  
(A) Bihar (B) Punjab (C) Haryana (D) Himanchal Pradesh
6. Which one of the following is a Rabi crop ?  
(A) Rice (B) Millets (C) Gram (D) Cotton
7. Which one of the following movements started by Vinobha Bhave, which is known as Blood-less revolution  
(A) Padyatra Movements rotation with other crops.  
(B) Bhoodan-Gramdan Movement  
(C) Sharam Dann Movement  
(D) Godan Movement
8. Which one of the following is a leguminous crop?  
(A) Pulses (B) Millets (C) Jowar (D) Sesamurn
9. The institutions established by Government of India that helped in modernization of Agriculture is  
(A) World Trade Organization (B) Kissan Credit Card  
(C) Indian Council of Agriculture Research (D) Indian Institute of Agronomy
10. The 'slash and bum' agriculture is known as 'Milpa' in  
(A) Mexico (B) Venzulea (C) Brazil (D) Indonesia
11. The systems launched by government of India to ensure subsidised prices for food grains to poor in rural areas is  
(A) Food Corporation of India (B) Buffer Stock  
(C) Public Distribution System (D) Kissan Credit System
12. Which one of the following oil-seed in India is grown in both Rabi and Kharif seasons?  
(A) Groundnut (B) Coconut (C) Castor-seed (D) Mustard
13. Which one of the following is helpful in inventing new hybrid varieties of seeds ?  
(A) Green Revolution (B) White Revolution (C) Genetic Engineering (D) Scientific Research
14. Oranges are produced in  
(A) West bengal (B) Maharashtra (C) Kerala (D) Tamil nadu
15. The crops grown in shifting cultivation is  
(A) Maize (B) Rice (C) Wheat (D) Millet

16. **Assertion** : Pulses except turdal are grown in rotation with other crops.  
**Reason** : The leguminous crops helps in restoring fertility of soil by fixing nitrogen from air in the roots.  
 (A) Both 'A' and 'R' are true and explains 'A'      (B) Both 'A' and 'R' are true but 'R' doesn't explains 'A'  
 (C) 'A' is true but 'R' is false      (D) 'A' is false but 'R' is true
17. Which one out of the following is a 'Kharif crop' ?  
 (A) Maize      (B) Wheat      (C) Gram      (D) Mustard
18. Introduction of special weather bulletins and agricultural programmes for farmers on T.V. and radio is one of the steps taken by the government to improve  
 (A) agriculture in India    (B) industries in India    (C) forest in India      (D) farmers in India
19. Which one of the following is announced by the Government in support of a crop ?  
 (A) Maximum support price      (B) Minimum support price  
 (C) Moderate support price      (D) Influential support price
20. In respect of which one of the following crops, The Green Revolution in India had limited impact ?  
 (A) Maize      (B) Wheat      (C) Rice      (D) Pulses
21. Which of the following is the main Rabi crop of Punjab ?  
 (A) Rice      (B) Maize      (C) Wheat      (D) Groundnut
22. Which of the following is a non farm activity ?  
 (A) Multiple cropping    (B) Crop rotation      (C) Dairy farming      (D) Modern farming
23. Sugarcane crop grows well in the areas with a rainfall of \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) 100-150 cm      (B) 75-100 cm      (C) 150-200 cm      (D) 200 cm and above
24. The Agriculture that is practiced on small patches of land with the help of primitive tools like hoe, dao and digging sticks is  
 (A) Shifting Agriculture      (B) Primitive Subsistence Farming  
 (C) Intensive Subsistence Farming      (D) Commercial Farming
25. Which of the following countries produces more sugarcane than India ?  
 (A) Australia      (B) Cuba      (C) Brazil      (D) France
26. Which one is an important rabi crop?  
 (A) Paddy      (B) Watermelon      (C) Wheat      (D) Maize
27. Which among the following is a fibre crop?  
 (A) Rubber      (B) Jute      (C) Tomato      (D) Coffee
28. Of which one of the following beverage crops, India is the leading producer as well as exporter in the world?  
 (A) Coffee      (B) Pulses      (C) Tea      (D) Curd
29. Which one of the following is the feature of plantation agriculture?  
 (A) Single crop      (B) Large area  
 (C) Produce raw material for industries      (D) All of the above
30. Which of the following crops is not a millet?  
 (A) Jowar      (B) Maize      (C) Ragi      (D) Bajra
31. What is the rearing of silkworms for the production of silk called?  
 (A) Horticulture      (B) Pisciculture      (C) Sericulture      (D) Agriculture
32. Which one of the following crops is the example of plantation farming?  
 (A) Rice      (B) Wheat      (C) Rubber      (D) None of these
33. In which of the following states of India rice is considered a commercial crop?  
 (A) West Bengal      (B) Orissa      (C) Bihar      (D) Punjab
34. Which of the following crops are grown with the onset of monsoons and are harvested in the month of September and October?  
 (A) Rabi      (B) Kharif      (C) Zadi      (D) None of the above

35. In which type of soil does maize grow well?  
 (A) Black (B) Light domat (C) Old alluvial (D) None of these
36. Cultivation of coffee is confined to which of the following hills?  
 (A) Nilgiri (B) Aravali (C) Shivalik (D) None of these
37. Which of the following crops grows well in the Black soil ?  
 (A) Jute (B) Rice (C) Cotton (D) Wheat
38. Which country is the largest producer of oilseeds in the world ?  
 (A) China (B) India (C) USA (D) Pakistan
39. Which one of the following is the example of plantation agriculture?  
 (A) Jute (B) Wheat (C) Tea (D) Oilseeds
40. Which country is the largest producer of fruits and vegetables in the world ?  
 (A) Canada (B) USA (C) Pakistan (D) India
41. Arabica variety of coffee was initially brought to India from which of the following countries?  
 (A) Yemen (B) Vietnam (C) Japan (D) Korea
42. Which one of the following is not a fibre crop?  
 (A) Cotton (B) Rubber (C) Jute (D) Hemp
43. Which one of the following crops is known as 'Golden Fibre'?  
 (A) Wheat (B) Rice (C) Groundnut (D) Jute
44. Which one of the following crops is a beverage crop?  
 (A) Tea (B) Cotton (C) Wheat (D) Bajra
45. Which one of the following is not a cropping season?  
 (A) Winter (B) Kharif (C) Rabi (D) Zaid
46. Which of the following is the example of kharif crops?  
 (A) Rice (B) Wheat (C) Gram (D) Peas
47. Cultivation of fruits and vegetables is called:  
 (A) Floriculture (B) Sericulture (C) Horticulture (D) Agriculture
48. India is the leading producer and exporter of  
 (A) Rubber (B) Sugarcane (C) Rice in the world (D) Tea
49. Which one of the following is a Rabi crop?  
 (A) Rice (B) Wheat (C) Millets (D) Cotton
50. 'Slash and burn agriculture' is a  
 (A) shifting agriculture (B) intensive agriculture (C) commercial agriculture (D) none of these

**KEY**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
A	C	D	A	A	C	B	A	C	A	C	C	C	B	D	D	A	A	B	D
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
C	C	B	A	C	C	B	C	D	B	C	C	D	B	C	A	C	B	C	D
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50										
A	B	D	A	A	A	C	D	B	A										