

Single Correct Answer Type:

- Area of the figure contained between the parabola $x^2 = 4y$ and the curve $y = \frac{8}{x^2 + 4}$ is $2\pi - K$ then $K =$
 (A) $\frac{2}{3}$ (B) $\frac{4}{3}$ (C) $\frac{8}{3}$ (D) $\frac{1}{3}$
- Area of the region bounded by $y = 5x^2$ and $2x^2 - y + 9 = 0$ is ___ sq. units.
 (A) $12\sqrt{3}$ (B) $6\sqrt{3}$ (C) $9\sqrt{3}$ (D) $3\sqrt{3}$
- The area bounded by the curve $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1$ and the coordinate axes is
 (A) 1 (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{1}{3}$ (D) $\frac{1}{6}$
- The area of the region bounded by the curve $y = \frac{16 - x^2}{4}$ and $y = \sec^{-1} [-\sin^2 x]$ (where $[\cdot]$ denotes the greatest integer function) is
 (A) $\frac{1}{3}(4 - \pi)^{3/2}$ (B) $8(4 - \pi)^{3/2}$ (C) $\frac{8}{3}(4 - \pi)^{3/2}$ (D) $\frac{8}{3}(4 - \pi)^{1/2}$
- The area of the region bounded by $\{(x, y) : x^2 - x - 1 \leq y \leq -1\}$ is _____ square units
 (A) $1/6$ (B) $1/3$ (C) $1/2$ (D) 1
- The area of the region in the xy -plane defined by the inequalities $x - 2y^2 \geq 0$, $1 - x - |y| \geq 0$ is
 (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{3}$ (C) $\frac{1}{4}$ (D) $\frac{7}{12}$
- Area bounded between the curves $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$ and $y^2 = 3|x|$ is/are
 (A) $\frac{\pi - 1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (B) $\frac{2\pi - 1}{3\sqrt{3}}$ (C) $\frac{2\pi - \sqrt{3}}{3}$ (D) $\frac{2\pi - \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{3}}$
- If A_n is area bounded by the curve $y = (\tan x)^n$, $n > 2$ and the lines $x = 0$, $y = 0$ and $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$, then $A_{10} + A_8 =$
 (A) $\frac{1}{21}$ (B) $\frac{1}{22}$ (C) $\frac{1}{10}$ (D) $\frac{1}{9}$
- The area bounded by the curve $(y - \sin^{-1} x)^2 = x - x^2$ is
 (A) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (C) π (D) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- The area bounded by $y = \sin^{-1} x$, $y = \cos^{-1} x$ and the x -axis is
 (A) $2 + \sqrt{2}$ (B) $2 - \sqrt{2}$ (C) $\sqrt{2} + 1$ (D) $\sqrt{2} - 1$
- The area of the region bounded by $y = |x - 1|$ and $y = 1$ is
 (A) 1 (B) 1 (C) $1/2$ (D) $\sqrt{2}$
- Area of region bounded between two curves $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, $|x| + |y| = a$ ($a \neq 0$) is,
 (A) $\pi a^2 - 2a^2$ (B) $\pi a^2 + 2a^2$ (C) $2\pi a^2$ (D) πa^2

13. Area of the region bounded by $y = \tan x$, tangent drawn to the curve at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ and the x-axis is
 (A) $\log\sqrt{2}$ (B) $\log\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{4}$ (C) $\log\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{4}$ (D) $\frac{1}{4}$
14. The area bounded by the curve $x+2|y|=1$ and $x=0$ is
 (A) $\frac{1}{3}$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) 2 (D) 3
15. Area bounded by $y=x \sin x$ and x-axis between $x=0$ and $x=2\pi$ is
 (A) 0 sq. units (B) 2π sq. units (C) π sq. units (D) 4π sq. units
16. The area of the region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2 + 1$ and the line $x + y = 3$, is given by
 (A) $\frac{45}{7}$ (B) $\frac{25}{4}$ (C) 11 (D) $\frac{9}{2}$
17. The area bounded by the curve $y = 2x - x^2$ and the straight line $y = -x$ is given by
 (A) $\frac{9}{2}$ (B) $\frac{43}{6}$ (C) $\frac{35}{6}$ (D) $\frac{13}{6}$
18. Let $|y| = x^2(4 - x^2)$ be a curve, then area of the loop formed by the curve for $x \geq 0$, will be
 (A) $\frac{64}{15}$ (B) $\frac{256}{15}$ (C) $\frac{128}{15}$ (D) $\frac{15}{128}$
19. Area bounded by the equation $[y] = [x]$, [.] greatest integer part when, x, y both belongs to the interval $(n, n+1)$ where $n \in I$, is
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) $n(n+1)$ (D) n
20. The area enclosed between the curve $y = \log_e(x + e)$ and the coordinate axes is
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) e (D) $e-1$

Numerical Based:

21. The area of the region bounded by the curves $f(x) = x^3$ and its inverse function is
22. The area bounded by the curves $y = |x| - 1$ and $y = -|x| + 1$ is
23. Area of the region bounded by the curves $y^2 = 8x$ and $x^2 = 9y$ is
24. If the area bounded by $y \leq 3 - |3 - x|$ and $y \geq |x - 3|$ is A then $2A =$
25. The area of the domain of the function $f(x,y) = \sqrt{16 - x^2 - y^2} - \sqrt{|x| - y}$ is $k\pi$, where $\frac{k}{2}$ equals

KEY

1. B	2. A	3. D	4. C	5. A
6. D	7. C	8. D	9. A	10. D
11. B	12. A	13. C	14. B	15. D
16. D	17. A	18. C	19. A	20. A
21. 1	22. 2	23. 24	24. 9	25. 6

** Wish You all the Best **